vehicle, at any point on the vertical planes projected from the outer edges of the vehicle, on the upper surface of the load or enclosure, if used, and on the lower external surface of the vehicle; and

- (3) 0.1 mSv/h (10 mrem/h) at any point 2 meters (80 in) from the outer lateral surfaces of the vehicle (excluding the top and underside of the vehicle); or in the case of a flat-bed style vehicle, at any point 2 meters (6.6 feet) from the vertical planes projected by the outer edges of the vehicle (excluding the top and underside of the vehicle); and
- (4) 0.02 mSv/h (2 mrem/h) in any normally occupied space, except that this provision does not apply to private carriers, if exposed personnel under their control wear radiation dosimetry devices in conformance with 10 CFR 20.1502.
- (c) For shipments made under the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section, the shipper shall provide specific written instructions to the carrier for maintenance of the exclusive use shipment controls. The instructions must be included with the shipping paper information.
- (d) The written instructions required for exclusive use shipments must be sufficient so that, when followed, they will cause the carrier to avoid actions that will unnecessarily delay delivery or unnecessarily result in increased radiation levels or radiation exposures to transport workers or members of the general public.

## § 71.51 Additional requirements for Type B packages.

- (a) Except as provided in §71.52, a Type B package, in addition to satisfying the requirements of §§71.41 through 71.47, must be designed, constructed, and prepared for shipment so that under the tests specified in:
- (1) Section 71.71 ("Normal conditions of transport"), there would be no loss or dispersal of radioactive contents—as demonstrated to a sensitivity of  $10^{-6}$

A<sub>2</sub> per hour, no significant increase in external surface radiation levels, and no substantial reduction in the effectiveness of the packaging; and

- (2) Section 71.73 ("Hypothetical accident conditions"), there would be no escape of krypton-85 exceeding 10  $A_2$  in 1 week, no escape of other radioactive material exceeding a total amount  $A_2$  in 1 week, and no external radiation dose rate exceeding 10 mSv/h (1 rem/h) at 1 m (40 in) from the external surface of the package.
- (b) Where mixtures of different radionuclides are present, the provisions of appendix A, paragraph IV of this part shall apply, except that for Krypton-85, an effective  $A_2$  value equal to  $10\ A_2$ may be used.
- (c) Compliance with the permitted activity release limits of paragraph (a) of this section may not depend on filters or on a mechanical cooling system.

## § 71.52 Exemption for low-specific-activity (LSA) packages.

A package need not satisfy the requirements of §71.51 if it contains only LSA or SCO material, and is transported as exclusive use, but is subject to §871.41 through 71.47, including §71.43(f). This section expires April 1, 1999.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 60 FR 50264, Sept. 28, 1995, §71.52 expires April 1, 1999.

## §71.53 Fissile material exemptions.

Fissile materials meeting the requirements of one of the paragraphs in (a) through (d) of this section are exempt from fissile material classification and from the fissile material package standards of §§71.55 and 71.59, but are subject to all other requirements of this part. These exemptions apply only when beryllium, graphite, or hydrogenous material enriched in deuterium is not present in quantities exceeding 0.1 percent of the fissile material mass.

(a) Fissile material such that

$$\frac{\text{grams of uranium} - 235}{X} + \frac{\text{grams of other fissile material}}{Y} \le 1$$